### Turbulence injuries, Boeing 737-400, December 22, 1996

Micro-summary: This Boeing 737-400 encountered severe clear air turbulence during cruise, seriously injuring two flight attendants and injuring one.

Event Date: 1996-12-22 at 1912 AST

Investigative Body: National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), USA

Investigative Body's Web Site: http://www.ntsb.gov/

#### Cautions:

- 1. Accident reports can be and sometimes are revised. Be sure to consult the investigative agency for the latest version before basing anything significant on content (e.g., thesis, research, etc).
- 2. Readers are advised that each report is a glimpse of events at specific points in time. While broad themes permeate the causal events leading up to crashes, and we can learn from those, the specific regulatory and technological environments can and do change. Your company's flight operations manual is the final authority as to the safe operation of your aircraft!
- 3. Reports may or may not represent reality. Many many non-scientific factors go into an investigation, including the magnitude of the event, the experience of the investigator, the political climate, relationship with the regulatory authority, technological and recovery capabilities, etc. It is recommended that the reader review all reports analytically. Even a "bad" report can be a very useful launching point for learning.
- 4. Contact us before reproducing or redistributing a report from this anthology. Individual countries have very differing views on copyright! We can advise you on the steps to follow.

Aircraft Accident Reports on DVD, Copyright © 2006 by Flight Simulation Systems, LLC All rights reserved.

www.fss.aero

National Transportation Safety Board NTSB ID: ANC97LA015 Aircraft Registration Number: N775AS FACTUAL REPORT Occurrence Date: 12/22/1996 Most Critical Injury: Serious AVIATION Occurrence Type: Accident Investigated By: NTSB Location/Time Nearest City/Place State Zip Code Local Time Time Zone YAKUTAT 99689 1912 AST ΑK Distance From Landing Facility: Direction From Airport: Airport Proximity: Off Airport/Airstrip Aircraft Information Summary Aircraft Manufacturer Model/Series Type of Aircraft Boeing 737-400 Airplane Sightseeing Flight: No Air Medical Transport Flight: No

#### Narrative

Brief narrative statement of facts, conditions and circumstances pertinent to the accident/incident:

On December 22, 1996, about 1912 Alaska standard time, a Boeing 737-400 airplane, operated under 14 CFR Part 121 by Alaska Airlines as Flight 67, encountered severe turbulence while cruising in visual meteorological flight conditions at Flight Level 350, approximately 30 miles east of Yakutat, Alaska. The airplane was not damaged. The two flight crew members and 37 passengers aboard reported no injuries. All of the three flight attendants aboard were injured. One flight attendant received minor injuries, two flight attendants received serious injuries and were hospitalized. The flight was en route to Anchorage, Alaska, at the time of accident, and the flight continued to Anchorage. The flight departed Juneau, Alaska, about 1820.

During a telephone conversation with the NTSB investigator-in-charge, the Captain related the flight had experienced light to moderate turbulence while on the approach to land at Juneau, on the Sitka-Juneau leg preceding the accident flight. He said he spoke with the lead flight attendant, and decided they would delay the meal service after departing Juneau until reaching cruising altitude and evaluating the level of turbulence. After reaching the cruising altitude of Flight Level 350, the Captain said he again conferred with the lead Flight Attendant, and since the level of turbulence was viewed as "light chop", it was decided to begin the service. The Captain also noted he requested "ride reports" from the Anchorage Air Route Traffic Control Center (ARTCC) prior to the meal service, and was advised of light turbulence reported by preceding flights.

The Captain said the turbulence suddenly increased from light to moderate, as felt in the cockpit, when the airplane was over Mount Fairweather (a 15,300' mountain). The Captain characterized the turbulence as a fairly rapid pitching up and down of the nose of the airplane, and later reported it to the Anchorage ARTCC as a "good, solid moderate." The fasten seat belt sign was illuminated at the time of the turbulence encounter, and had been so since takeoff.

The "A", or Lead Flight Attendant, submitted a statement which says, in part: "About 15 minutes out of JNU, the Capt. came on the PA and informed us that it would probably be bumpy from JNU-ANC. I was just leaving the flight deck (FD) with their meal when all of a sudden a giant jolt, or wave, occurred. I hit my head either on the lav. door or FA bulkhead. Slammed FD door shut and took my jump seat."

The lead Flight Attendant waited a few minutes until she felt she was able to walk to the rear of the airplane to check on the passengers and two other flight attendants. She found no injured passengers, but discovered that the other two flight attendants were injured. One flight attendant (Larzalere) was sitting/lying on the aft flight attendant's jump seat, the other (Nielson) was lying on the floor, between the two aft lavatories. The lead flight attendant, two passengers, and an off duty company pilot assisted the lead flight attendant in providing first aid and comfort to the injured flight attendants.

The injured flight attendants were interviewed by the NTSB IIC. They related essentially the same

# National Transportation Safety Board FACTUAL REPORT

NTSB ID: ANC97LA015

Occurrence Date: 12/22/1996

Occurrence Type: Accident

Narrative (Continued)

information: They were in the rear of the airplane, wheeling out the beverage service cart, when two, massive jolts, or waves, slammed them into the ceiling and floor. Neither recalled any precursors to the severe turbulence. Flight attendant Larzalere reported she had a fractured pelvis and elbow; flight attendant Nielson reported a fractured vertebrae in her back.

A review of the air traffic control communication transcripts provided by the FAA disclosed the flight crew was experiencing turbulence en route and communicated with ARTCC requesting ride reports from preceding aircraft. At 1858, the flight crew radioed: "Anchorage Center, Alaska sixty-seven ah getting ah continuos light in the climb occasional moderate and ah wonder what the ride reports are heading over towards Anchorage." Anchorage Center responded: "...company just came over from Yakutat at ah twenty-nine he didn't give me any reports so I'm not sure what he got south of the route around Laire south of Yakutat and Laire area company just went westbound and he got continuos at both thirty-one and thirty-five." At 1904, the flight crew reported they were over Yakutat, and noted the turbulence was better now that they were away from the hills, and classified the turbulence as "continuos light chop." At 1912, the flight crew reported: "yeah just going over Mount Fairweather there got a ah we'll call it a a good solid moderate turbulence." Anchorage Center responded: "...I assume it's stopped now." The flight crew responded: "well lets see for the time being it came up pretty quick and ah and ah it's we'll call continuos light for now but ah we'll keep you advised if we get into some more of that moderate but it was ah a good solid moderate." At 1920, the flight crew reported to Anchorage Center that they had encountered moderate turbulence, and again requested ride reports and indicated they had two injured flight attendants on board. Additional communications between the flight crew and Anchorage Center is contained in the attached FAA Air Traffic Control Accident Package transcripts.

Weather at the time of the accident was characterized by the flight crew as clear, and the turbulence was referred to as clear air turbulence. A review of the weather data provided to the flight crew at the time of dispatch indicated the presence of low level winds in excess of 30 knots, and the potential for associated moderate to severe turbulence within 2000 feet of terrain. Company dispatch weather, and weather reports issued by the FAA (attached) disclosed no SIGMETS or pilot reports pertinent to the route of flight. A SIGMET is defined, in part, by the FAA's Airman's Information Manual (AIM) as: " A weather advisory issued concerning weather significant to the safety of all aircraft. SIGMET advisories cover severe and extreme turbulence...."

The AIM defines moderate turbulence as: "(Reaction Inside Aircraft) Occupants feel definite strains against seat belts or shoulder straps. Unsecured objects are dislodged. Food service and walking are difficult." Severe turbulence is defined: "(Reaction Inside Aircraft) Occupants are forced violently against seat belts or shoulder straps. Unsecured objects are tossed about. Food service and walking are impossible."

The Operator, Alaska Airlines, has similar definitions of turbulence contained in its Flight Attendant and Flight Operations manuals. The Flight Attendant Manual notes that turbulence severity may vary greatly between the flight deck and the cabin. The Flight Operations Manual notes that, when possible, prior to encountering either moderate or severe turbulence, all cabin crew members should have their seat belts fastened.

As a result of this accident, company safety officials at Alaska Airlines have requested that severe turbulence forecasting data generated by another air carrier be shared with Alaska Airlines. This data will reportedly more accurately predict mountain waves and areas of severe turbulence.

National Transportation Safety Board
FACTUAL REPORT
AVIATION

NTSB ID: ANC97LA015

Occurrence Date: 12/22/1996

AVIATION			ence Type:										
Landing Facility/Approach In	formation	l											
Airport Name	irport ID:	Airport Elevation Runway Used			Runway Length			Runv	vay Width				
				Ft. M		_ 0							
Runway Surface Type:								<u> </u>					
Runway Surface Condition:													
ranway ourrace condition.													
Type Instrument Approach:													
VFR Approach/Landing:													
Aircraft Information													
Aircraft Manufacturer			Model/Series Serial I								Number		
Boeing			737-4	100					2510	8	3		
Airworthiness Certificate(s): Trans	sport												
Landing Gear Type: Retractable	- Tricycle												
Homebuilt Aircraft? No	Number of Seats:	Certified	d Max Gross W	143500 LBS Numbe			er of En	r of Engines: 2					
				Engine Manufacturer: Model/S P&W CFM-S								Rated Power: 22000 LBS	
- Aircraft Inspection Information													
Type of Last Inspection			Date of Last Inspection Time Since			nce Last Insp	Airfrar	Airframe Total Time					
AAIP								Ho	ours			Hours	
- Emergency Locator Transmitter (	ELT) Information				·								
ELT Installed? No ELT Operated? ELT Aided in Locating Accident Site?													
Owner/Operator Information													
Registered Aircraft Owner			Street A		·/ 00000	`							
ALASKA AIRLINES			P.O. BOX 68900 City State								e T	Zip Code	
			City	SEATTLE	E					WA		98168	
On another of Alexandr			Street Address										
Operator of Aircraft	Same as Reg'd Aircraft Owner City								ie I	Zip Code			
Same as Reg'd Aircraft Owner	City City									Zip Code			
Operator Does Business As:			•			Ор	erator Desig	nator Co	de: AS	5			
- Type of U.S. Certificate(s) Held:													
Air Carrier Operating Certificate(s)	: Flag Carrier/Dor	nestic											
Operating Certificate:				Operator C	Certificate	e:							
Regulation Flight Conducted Unde	r: Part 121: Air Ca	arrier		1 '									
Type of Flight Operation Conducted			Passenger	:/Cargo									
,, o ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				-									
		FACTU	AL REPO	RT - AVIATI	ON							Page 2	

National Transportation Safety Board
FACTUAL REPORT
AVIATION

NTSB ID: ANC97LA015

Occurrence Date: 12/22/1996

AVIATI	Occurrence Type: Accident												
First Pilot Information													
Name	City					Stat	е	Date of Birth	Age				
On File	On File	-ile				On F	File	On File	40				
Sex: M Seat Occupied:	Left	Prir	ncipal Profes	sion: Civilia	n Pilot	t Certificate Number: On File							
Certificate(s): Airlin	e Transpor	t; Flight Eng	jineer										
Airplane Rating(s): Multi	-engine Lar	nd; Single-e	ngine Land										
Rotorcraft/Glider/LTA: None	9												
Instrument Rating(s): Airplane													
Instructor Rating(s): None													
Type Rating/Endorsement for Accident/Incident Aircraft? Yes  Current Biennial Flight Review?													
Medical Cert.: Class 1	Medica	l Cert. Status	S: Valid Me	dicalno wa	aivers/li	m.		Dat	e of La	st Me	dical E	xam: 12/1996	
	•							·					
- Flight Time Matrix	Flight Time Matrix  All A/C  This Make and Model		Airplane Single Engine	Airplane Mult-Engine	Night		I Actual	Instrument ual Simulated		F	Rotorcraft	Glider	Lighter Than Air
Total Time	Total Time 9576 103						10	1000					
Pilot In Command(PIC)	4761	906											
Instructor										_			
Last 90 Days	46	46 18						_					
Last 30 Days	· ·							_		+			
Last 24 Hours	11				<u> </u>						T	1.50.11	
Seatbelt Used? Yes	Shou	lder Harness	Used? No			I OXICO	ology Per	ormed	? No		Se	econd Pilot? Ye	es
Flight Plan/Itinerary													
Type of Flight Plan Filed: IF	R												
Departure Point						State	А	Airport Identifier		r	Departure Time		Time Zone
JUNEAU						AK	J	JNU			1854		AST
Destination						State	Δ	Airport Identifier		r			
ANCHORAGE		AK		ANC									
Type of Clearance: IFR													
Type of Airspace: Class	A												
Weather Information													
Source of Briefing: Compa	any												
Method of Briefing:													
			FACTUAI	REPORT	- AVIA	TION	1						Page 3

National Transportation Safety Board FACTUAL REPORT AVIATION

NTSB ID: ANC97LA015

Occurrence Date: 12/22/1996

	ETYBOR		Ос	currenc	е Туре:	Acciden	t									
Weather	Information															
WOF ID	Observation Time	Time Zone	WOF	Elevati	on	WOF Di	stance From	n Accid	dent Site		Direction From	ection From Accident Site				
	0000			0 Ft.	MSL				0 NM	0 NM 0 Deg. N						
Sky/Lowes	Sky/Lowest Cloud Condition: Unknown					0 Ft. AGL					Condition of Light: Night/Dark					
Lowest Ce		0 Ft.	AGL	Visib	lity:	50	SM	Altii	meter:	29.00	"Hg					
Temperatu	rature: °C Dew Point: °C Wind Direction: Density Altitude:								Ft.							
Wind Spee	Wind Speed: Gusts:					Weather Condtions at Accident Site: Visual Conditions										
Visibility (F	RVR): 0 Ft.	Visibility	y (RVV)	0	SM	Intensity	of Precipita	ation: I	Unknown							
Restrictions to Visibility: None																
Type of Precipitation: None																
Accident	Information															
Aircraft Da	Airc	Aircraft Fire: None						Aircraft Explosion None								
Classificati	on: U.S. Registered/L	J.S. Soil														
- Injury Su	mmary Matrix	Fatal	Serious	Mino	r	None	TOTAL									
First Pi	lot					1	1									
Second	d Pilot					1	1									
Studen	t Pilot															
Flight I	nstructor															
Check	Pilot															
Flight E	ngineer															
Cabin A	Attendants		2		1		3									
Other C	Crew															
Passen	gers					37	37									
- TOTAL A	ABOARD -		2		1	39	42									
Other 0	Ground	0	0		0		0									
- GRANE	TOTAL -	0	2		1	39	42									
					•											

National Transportation Safety Board

## FACTUAL REPORT AVIATION

NTSB ID: ANC97LA015

Occurrence Date: 12/22/1996

Occurrence Type: Accident

Administrative Information

Investigator-In-Charge (IIC)

JAMES D. LABELLE

Additional Persons Participating in This Accident/Incident Investigation:

HARRY C GILSON FAA, ANCHORAGE FSDO-03 ANCHORAGE, AK 99502

RONDA RUDERMAN 1625 MASSACHUSETTS AVE., N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20036

TERRY CLARK P.O BOX 68900 SEATTLE, WA 98168